



LAW CAPSULE

FOR LEGAL COMPETITIVE EXAMS

LEGAL FACTS OF INDIA

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Introduction

Some of the basic facts, about India, which every intelligent Legal functionary and Law student must know are enumerated hereunder:-

First Law giver of India	Manu
Number of States	28
Number of Union Territories	7
Number of Supreme Court Judges	Chief Justice of India and 25 other judges
Number of High Courts in India	21
Sanctioned Strength of High Court Judges in India	Varies from State to State
Judges per million people in India	10
Earliest Codified Laws of India	Under Gupta Dynasty Reign (335-445)
First Federal Court of India	Started functioning in December 1937 in Delhi to decide any dispute between Center and States under Government of India Act, 1935. The Court functioned for 12 years till the Supreme Court was set up on January 28, 1950
First Chief Justice of Federal Court	Maurice Gwyer
First Preventive Detention Act of India	Bengal State Prisoners Regulation III (introduced in 1784). Provided for detention and deportation of political prisoners and revolutionaries without trial
First Court by East India Company	Court of Judicator set up on August 1, 1672 in Kolkata
First Lok Adalat	Held in Kalyan, near Mumbai on Experimental basis in 1978
First Permanent Lok Adalat	Set up in Chandigarh in January 1998 with Justice S.K.Sardana as the Judge
First Permanent Lok Adalat for Tribals	Opened in Paderu in Andhra Pradesh on July 3, 2002
First Lok Adalat for Women	Exclusively for women issues, matrimonial and other family problems, organized in Delhi jointly by the Delhi Commission for Women and Delhi Legal Services Authority on March 3, 2002
First Women Judge of Supreme Court	Meera Fatima Beevi appointed Judge of Supreme Court in 1989. She is the Second Woman in the World after Sandra Day O'Conner of the US to be appointed to this high office.
Oldest High Court	Calcutta High Court established in 1862